Platinum Series / DPDT up to 40 GHz

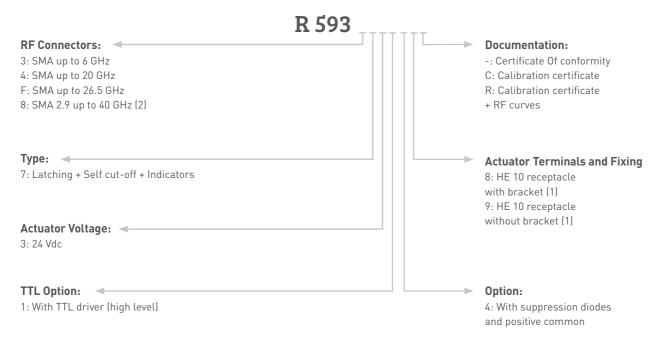


Radiall's PLATINUM series switches are optimised to perform at a high level over an extended life cycle. With outstanding RF performance, and a guaranteed insertion loss repeatability of 0.03 dB over a life span of 10 million switching cycles. PLATINUM series switches are perfect for automated test and measurement equipment, as well as signal monitoring devices.

Example of P/N:

R593F73148 is a DPDT SMA 26.5 GHz, latching, Self Cut-Off, diodes, positive common, TTL driver, Indicators, HE10 receptacle with bracket.

PART NUMBER SELECTION



- (1): Delivered with 750 mm (30 inches) ribbon cable + HE10 connector
- (2): Connector SMA 2.9 is equivalent to "K connector $\ensuremath{@}$ ", registered trademark of Anritsu



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GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Operating mode		Latching	
Nominal operating voltage (across operating temperature)	Vdc	24 (20/32)	
Coil resistance (+/-10%)	Ω	120	
Nominal operating current at 23°C	mA	200	
Maximum stand-by current	mA	50	
Average power		RF path Cold switching: see RF Power Rating Chart on page 4-25 Hot switching: 1 Watt CW	
TTl input	High Level	3 to 7 V	1.4 mA max at 7 V
Trumput	Low Level	0 to 0.8 Volts	-
		Maximum withstanding voltage 60V	
		Maximum current capacity 150 n	nA
		Maximum "0N" resistance 2.5 Ω	
		Minimum "OFF" resistance 100 Mg	2
Switching time (Max)	ms	15	
Life (Mie)	SMA	10 million cycles	
life (Min)	SMA 2.9	5 million cycles	
Connectors		SMA - SM	A 2.9
Actuator terminals		HE10 ribbon re	eceptacle
Weight (Max)	g	110	

ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

Operating temperature range	-25°C to +75°C		
Storage temperature range	-55°C to +85°C		
Temperature cycling (MIL-STD-202, Method 107D, Cond.A)	-55°C to +85°C (10 cycles)		
Vibration (MIL STD 202, Method 204D, Cond.D)	10-2000 Hz, 10g operating		
Shock (MIL STD 202, Method 213B, Cond.C)	50g / 6 ms, 1/2 sine operating		
Moisture resistance (MIL STD 202, Method 106E, Cond.E)	65°C, 95% RH, 10 days		
Altitude storage (MIL STD 202, Method 105C, Cond.B)	50,000 feet (15,240 meters)		
RFI (MIL STD 1344, Method 3008 or IEC 61726)	40 dB at 20 GHz		

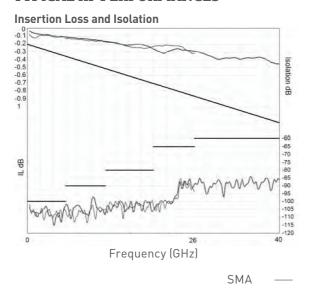


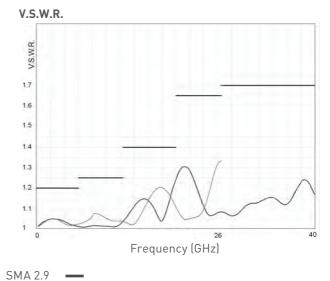
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RF PERFORMANCES

Part Number		R59337314-	R59347314-	R593F7314-	R59387314-	
Frequency range	GHz	DC to 6	DC to 20	DC to 26.5	DC to 40	
Impedance	Ω	50				
Insertion Loss (Max)	db	0.2 + 0.025 x frequency (GHz)				
Isolation (Min)	dB	100	DC to 6 GHz 100 6 to 12.4 GHz 90 12.4 to 20 GHz 80	DC to 6 GHz 100 6 to 12.4 GHz 90 12.4 to 20 GHz 80 20 to 26.5 GHz 65	DC to 6 GHz 6 to 12.4 GHz 12.4 to 20 GHz 20 to 26.5 GHz 26.5 to 40 GHz	100 90 80 65 60
V.S.W.R. (Max)		1.20	DC to 6 GHz 1.20 6 to 12.4 GHz 1.25 12.4 to 18 GHz 1.40 18 to 20 GHz 1.65	DC to 6 GHz 1.20 6 to 12.4 GHz 1.25 12.4 to 18 GHz 1.40 18 to 20 GHz 1.65	DC to 6 GHz 6 to 12.4 GHz 12.4 to 18 GHz 18 to 26.5 GHz 26.5 to 40 GHz	1.20 1.25 1.40 1.65 1.70
Repeatability (measured at 25°C)			0.03 dB		0.05 dB	

TYPICAL RF PERFORMANCES



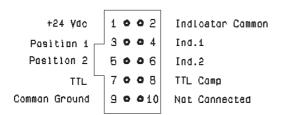


3MA 2.7 -

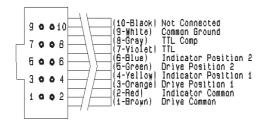
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DRIVING THE SWITCH

Transfer switches are configured with two positions. Each RF path can be closed by applying Ground or TTL "High" to the corresponding "driver" pin.

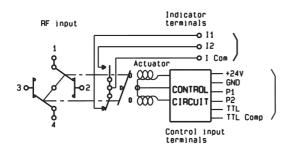


Switch connector



Nating cable connector

RF SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



	RF continuity	Indicator
Position 1	1-2 / 3-4	ICom – I1
Position 2	1-3 / 2-4	ICom – I2

Standard drive

- Connect pin 9 to ground (See note)
- Connect pin 1 to supply (+20 VDC to +32 VDC)
- Select (close) desired RF paths by applying ground to the corresponding "drive" pin (Ex: apply ground to pin 3 to close RF path 1-2 and 3-4)
- To select the second path, ensure that the unwanted RF path "drive" pin is disconnected from ground. Apply ground to the "drive" pin which corresponds to the desired RF paths

(Ex: apply ground to pin 5 to close RF path 1-3 and 2-4)

TTL drive (Dual line)

- · Connect pin 9 to ground
- Connect pin 1 to supply (+20 VDC to +32 VDC).
- Select (close) desired RF path by applying TTL "High" to the corresponding "drive" pin (Ex: apply TTL "High" to pin 7 and TTL "Low" to pin 8 to close RF paths position 1)
- To select the second path, ensure that the unwanted RF path "drive" pins are in TTL "Low" position. Apply TTL "High" to the "drive" pin which corresponds to the desired RF path and TTL "low" to the undesired (Ex: apply TTL "High" to pin 8 and TTL "Low" to pin 7 to close RF paths position 2)

TTL drive (Single line)

- · Connect pin 9 to ground
- Connect pin 1 to supply (+20 VDC to +32 VDC)
- Connect pin 8 to TTL "High"
- Select (close) position 1 by applying TTL "High" to pin 7 (Ex: apply TTL "High" to pin 7 to close RF paths 1-2 and 3-4)
- Select position 2 by applying TTL "Low" to pin 7 (Ex: apply TTL "Low" to pin 7 to close RF paths 1-3 and 2-4)

Note

Pin 9 does not need to be grounded for the switch to operate in standard drive. If pin 9 is not grounded, the position indicators will only function while the appropriate drive is applied. Therefore, if a pulse drive is used and continuous indicator operation is required, pin 9 must be grounded.



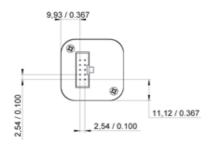
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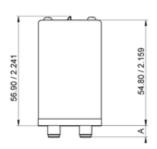
RF PERFORMANCES

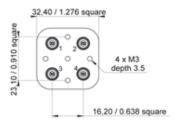
Pin	number	Funct	ion	
	2	Indicator	Common	
	4	Indicator	Position	1.
	6	Indicator	Position	"2"

The electronic position indicators use photo-MOS transistors which are driven by the mechanical position of the RF paths moving elements. The circuitry consists of a common which can be connected to an output corresponding to selected RF path. The photo-MOS transistors are configured for AC and/or DC operation. The electronic position indicators require the supply (20 to 32 VDC) to be connected to pin 1 and ground connected to pin 9.

TYPICAL OUTLINE DRAWING

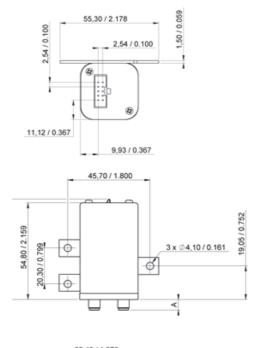


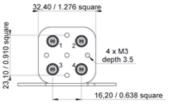




All dimensions are in millimeters / inches

Connectors	SMA	SMA2.9
A max (mm)	7.4	6.3





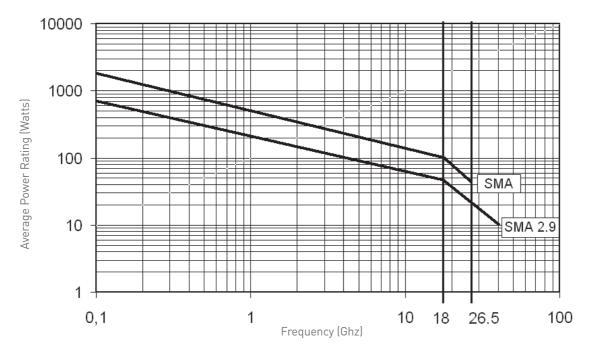


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POWER RATING CHART

This graph is based on the following conditions:

- Ambient temperature: + 25°C
- Sea level
- V.S.W.R.: 1 and cold switching



DERATING FACTOR VERSUS V.S.W.R.

