

[1] SAFETY INFORMATION

The following are precautions to prevent accidents such as electrical shocks.
Be sure to read them before using the CLAMP METER.

1-1 Symbols

The following cautionary signs appear on the clamp meter and in this manual.

- ⚠ Disobedience to instructions with this sign may lead to troubles of the clamp meter and accidents such as electrical shock.
- 🔌 Application around and removal from HAZARDOUS LIVE conductors is permitted.

1-2 Maximum Overload Protection Input (within 5 sec.)

Range	Maximum overload protection input
ACA 6~15	AC 60 A
ACA 60~150	AC 600 A
ACA 600	AC 750 A
ACV 150, DCV 60	AC, DC 600 V
ACV 300~600	AC 750 V
Ω X1~X100	230 V (fuse blown)

[2] APPLICATION

This is an AC clamp meter designed for measuring small to medium capacity cable runs of low voltage. It is suitable for measurement of alternating current in electric equipment and power supplies.

[4] MAINTENANCE

⚠ WARNING

- This section is very important for safety. Read and understand the following instruction fully and maintain your instrument properly.
- The instrument must be calibrated and inspected at least once a year to maintain the safety and accuracy.

4-1 Maintenance and Inspection

- Is the appearance not damaged by falling?
- Is the test leads not damaged?

If your instrument falls in any of the above items, do not use it and have it repaired or replace it with a new one.

4-2 Storage

⚠ CAUTION

- The panel and the case are not resistant to volatile solvent and must not be cleaned with thinner or alcohol. For cleaning, use dry soft cloth and wipe it lightly.
- The panel and the case are not resistant to heat. Do not place the instrument near heat-generating devices (such as a soldering iron).
- Do not store the instrument in a place where it may be subjected to vibration or from where it may fall.
- For storing the instrument, avoid hot, cold or humid places or places under direct sunlight or where condensation is anticipated.

Following the above instructions, store the instrument in good environment. (See 5-2)

6-4 Measuring ACA~ (max. AC 600 A)

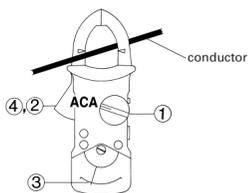
- Applications
It is suitable for measurement of alternating current in electric equipment and power supplies.

⚠ WARNING

- Be sure to disconnect the test lead from the measuring terminals for preventing electric shock.
- If a current to measure can not be estimated, first measure it with the meter in the 150 A or 600 A range, then change it to a suitable range.

2) Measurement Procedure

- Set the range select knob to the proper ACA range according to the magnitude of the current to be measured.
- Press the iron core lever to open the iron core. Then, place the conductor to be measured at the center of the iron core. Let go of the iron core lever to fully close the iron core.
- Read the indication on the scale ("A" scale).
6 A range — scale 0~60 multiplier X0.1
60 A range — scale 0~60 multiplier X1
600 A range — scale 0~60 multiplier X10
15 A range — scale 0~15 multiplier X1
150 A range — scale 0~15 multiplier X10
- After measurement, remove the iron core from the conductor.



6-6 Measuring Ω (max. 100 kΩ)

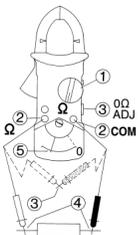
⚠ WARNING

Never apply voltage to the "Ω" terminal.

- Application
Resistance of resistors and circuits are measured.

2) Measurement Procedure

- Set the range select knob to the proper Ω range according to the magnitude of the current to be measured.
- Put in the black pin plug to the "COM" terminal and red pin plug to the "Ω" terminal.
- Short the red and black test pins and turn the 0 Ω adjuster knob so that the pointer may align exactly to 0 Ω. (If the pointer fails to swing up to 0 Ω even when the 0 Ω adjuster is turned clockwise fully, replace the internal battery with a fresh one.)
- Apply the red and black test pins to an object to measure.
- Read the indication on the scale ("Ω" scale)



X1 range — scale 1 k~0 multiplier X1
X100 range — scale 1 k~0 multiplier X100

1-5 Precautions for Safety Measurement

⚠ WARNING

To ensure that the meter is used safely, follow all safety and operating instructions.
Protection circuit may be undermined by unjustifiable usage that does not the guidelines in the instruction manual.

- This meter is a clamp meter exclusive for low voltage. Use it only for circuits of 600 V or below. If it is used for measuring the circuit exceeding 600 V, it may cause electrical shock or damage to the meter.
- Pay special attention when measuring the voltage of AC 33 Vrms (46.7 Vpeak) or DC 70 V or more to avoid injury.
- Never apply an input signal exceeding the maximum input value.
- Never use meter if it is damaged or broken.
- During testing, never hold the iron core side of the meter ahead of its barrier.
- Test leads:
 - Be sure to use the specified model of test leads.
 - Never use the test bar or cord that is damaged.
 - During testing, never hold the test pin side of the test bar ahead of its finger guard.
- In case of the models using fuses, be sure to use a fuse of the specified rating and type.
Never use a substitute of the fuse or never make a short circuit with a lead wire.
- Never use meter in the state that its case or battery cover is taken off.
- Be sure to disconnect the test pins from the circuit when changing the function or range.
- Before starting measurement, make sure that the function and range are properly set in accordance with the measurement.
- Never use meter with wet hands or in a damp environment.
- Never open meter case except when replacing batteries or fuses. Do not attempt any alterations of original specifications.
- To ensure safety and maintain accuracy, calibrate and check the meter at least once a year.
- When making an measurement of distorted AC wave shape other than AC sinusoidal wave.
Pay attention not to become the state of overload, since the value may be indicated (displayed) less than an actual value.
- Indoor use.

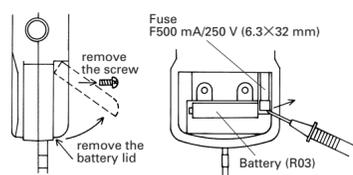
4-3 Battery and Fuse Replacement

⚠ WARNING

- If the rear case or the battery lid is removed with input applied to the input terminals, you may get electrical shock. Before starting the work, always make sure that no input is applied.
- Before starting the work, be sure to release the test leads from the circuit.

(How to Replace)

- Remove the battery lid screw with a screwdriver.
- Remove the battery lid.
- Take out the battery or fuse and replace it with a new one.
- Attach the battery lid and fix it with the screw.



Note

- Fuse replacement
Pry up the metal part of the fuse using the pin of a test lead or other tool to remove the fuse.
- A spare fuse is attached to the inside of the battery lid.

⚠ General Cautions on Measuring Current

- Close the ends of the iron core (CT) completely. Otherwise, an error may occur.
- AC current measurement does not apply to the frequencies other than sinusoidal 50 Hz~60 Hz.
- Clamp only one conductor for measurement.
Clamping 2 or more conductors leads to erroneous measurement.
- If placed close to a conductor carrying a large current or in a strong magnetic field, the meter may indicate a current value with no conductor clamped (an error is produced).
- Treat with good care the tops of the core. Open and close them gently by means of the core lever.
Do not snap it open or shut. The core tops can get damaged to cause erroneous reading.
- Place a conductor to measure in the center of the CT (near the calibration point reference marks).
If it is clamped in a position far from the center, a maximum of ±3 % error may occur.
- If a large current is applied, vibration noise may be heard from the CT. It is not a problem.



How to Use Lock Lever

- Locking the pointer
When taking measurement in places where indicated values are hard to read, the pointer lock lever may be used to lock the pointer for easy reading.
- When the lock lever is pushed up, the pointer is released.
When the lever is pulled down, the pointer is locked at the indicating position.



⚠ General Caution on Measuring Resistance

- The Ω range terminals release voltage is about 1.5 V.
- The polarity of + and - turns reverse to that of the test leads when measurement is done in Ω range.
- Be sure to use the same rated fuse.
- In case a fuse other than the same rated one is used, error in indication occurs and/or circuit protection is made unable.
- If a test pin is touched by a finger during measurement, measurement will be influenced by the resistance in the human body to result in measurement error.

6-7 Measuring Temperature °C (—10~200 °C) : (with the optional probe "model THP")

1) Measuring method

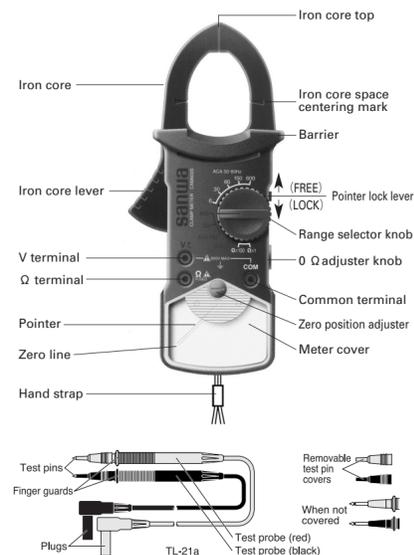
- Set the meter in the resistance (Ω) X100 range and connect the black test pin of the temperature probe to the common measuring terminal (COM).
- Insert the tip metal part of the temperature probe in the resistance measuring terminal (Ω) and adjust the meter indication to the 0 Ω point with the 0 Ω adjuster.
- Change the connection to the resistance measuring terminal (Ω) to the red test pin of the temperature probe.
- Apply the tip metal part of the temperature probe to an area to measure for temperature. When the indication has become stable, read an indicated value on the temperature scale ("°C" scale)

sanwa®

CAM600S ANALOG CLAMP METER

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

[3] NAME OF COMPONENT UNITS



[5] SPECIFICATIONS

5-1 Measurement Range and Accuracy (23 °C ±5 °C, 80 %RH max. No condensation)

Function	Range	Tolerance	Remarks
ACA~	6~15~60~150~600	±3 % against f.s. (300 A or more) (±4 % against f.s.)	sine wave 50,60 Hz
ACV~	150~300~600	±3 % against f.s.	
DCV~	60	±3 % against f.s.	
Ω	1 k - 100 k (X1) (X100)	±3 % scale length	center 30 Ω~3 k Ω battery 1.5 V X1
°C (Temp.)	(—10~200 °C)	±3.5 % scale length	with optional probe (model THP)

5-2 Others

- Max. clamp size : φ36 mm or 10X50 mm
- Meter : Moving coil type. 183 μA
- AC rectification : Half-wave rectification
- Circuit protection : The circuit is protected by fuse even when voltage of up to AC 230 V is impressed on each range for 5 seconds.
- Built-in battery : R6 (IEC) or UM-3 1.5 V X1
- Internal fuse : F500 mA L250 V, φ6.3X32 mm Fast acting fuse.
- Applicable circuit voltage : AC 600 V or less
- Withstand voltage : AC 5550 V between iron core and rear case (1min.)
- Service ambient condition : Altitude 2000 m max., environmental pollution II, indoor use
- Operating temperature/humidity range : 0~40 °C, 80 % RH max. no condensation
- Storage temperature/humidity range : —10~+50 °C, 70 % RH max. no condensation
- Dimension and Mass : 221 (H) X97 (W) X43 (D) mm • 420 g
- Accessories : Test lead (TL-21a) 1. Carrying case (C-CAM6) 1. Instruction manual 1. Spare fuse (0.5 A/250 V, φ6.3X30 mm) 1.
- Optional accessories : Temperature probe (model THP)

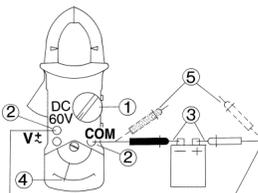
6-5 Measuring Voltage

⚠ WARNING

- Never apply an input signals exceeding the maximum rating input value.
- Be sure to disconnect the test pins from the circuit when changing the range.
- Always keep your fingers behind the finger guards on the test leads when making measurements.
- Never use meter in the state that its case or battery cover is taken off.

6-5-1 Measuring DCV ~ (max. DC 60 V)

- Applications
Measures batteries and DC circuits.
- Measurement Procedure
 - Set the range select knob to "DC 60 V"
 - Put in the black pin plug to the "COM" terminal and red pin plug to the "V" terminal.
 - Apply the black test pin to the minus potential side of the circuit to be measured and the red test pin to the plus potential side.
 - Read the indication on the scale ("V" scale 0~600). multiplier X0.1
 - After measurement, remove the red and black test pins from the circuit measured.



[6] MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

6-1 Startup inspection

⚠ WARNING

- Be sure to make startup inspection prior to use.
- Do not use the meter if the body or test leads are damaged or broken.
- Make sure the test leads are not cut or the fuse is not blown.*

* The meter is OK if the meter pointer moves when the red and black test pins are brought into contact in the resistance range. Refer to 6-6 Measuring Resistance (Ω).
Note, however, the pointer may not move if the incorporated battery have been consumed.

6-2 Preparation for Measurement

- Unlock the meter pointer. (Set the lock lever to FREE.)
- Check to see if the meter pointer is positioned on the 0 graduation line (heavy line on the left end). If not, adjust it with a screwdriver.
- Make measurement following the explanation of measurement (ACA, ACV, DCV, Ω, °C).

6-3 Ending Measurement

- If the test leads are connected to the measuring terminals, disconnect them.
- Set the range select switch to ACA 600.
- Lock the meter pointer. (Set the lock lever to LOCK.)

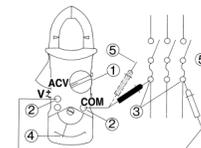
* Factory-preinstalled built-in battery

A battery for monitoring is preinstalled before shipping, therefore it may run down sooner than the battery life specified in the instruction manual.

The "battery for monitoring" is a battery to inspect the functions and specifications of the product.

6-5-2 Measuring ACV ~ (max. AC 600 V)

- Application
Measures sine-wave a.c. voltages such as commercial power line.
- Measurement Procedure
 - Set the range select knob to the proper ACV range according to the magnitude of the voltage to be measured.
 - Put in the black pin plug to the "COM" terminal and red pin plug to the "V" terminal.
 - Apply the red and black test pins to the circuit to measure.
 - Read the indication on the scale ("V" scale)
150 V range — scale 0~150
300 V range — scale 0~300
600 V range — scale 0~600
 - After measurement, remove the red and black test pins from the circuit measured.



⚠ CAUTION

- If a voltage to measure can not be estimated, first measure it with the meter in the 600 V range, then change it to a suitable range.
- This instrument employs the average measurement system and some error is made to the indication of waveforms other than sine waves.
- The accuracy guaranteed frequency range is 50~60 Hz.
- When measuring a voltage, be sure to connect the test leads in parallel to a load.

[7] After-Sales Service

- Prior to requesting repair, please check the following:
Capacity of the built-in battery, polarity of installation and discontinuity of the test leads.
- Repair during the warranty period:
The failed meter will be repaired in accordance with the conditions stipulated in 6-1 Warranty and Provision.

3) Repair after the warranty period has expired:
In some cases, repair and transportation cost may become higher than the price of the product. Please contact Sanwa authorized agent / service provider in advance.

The minimum retention period of service functional parts is 6 years after the discontinuation of manufacture. This retention period is the repair warranty period. Please note, however, if such functional parts become unavailable for reasons of discontinuation of manufacture, etc., the retention period may become shorter accordingly.

- Precautions when sending the product to be repaired
To ensure the safety of the product during transportation, place the product in a box that is larger than the product 5 times or more in volume and fill cushion materials fully and then clearly mark "Repair Product Enclosed" on the box surface. The cost of sending and returning the product shall be borne by the customer.

7-3 SANWA web site

http://www.sanwa-meter.co.jp
E-mail: exp_sales@sanwa-meter.co.jp

7-1 Warranty and Provision

Sanwa offers comprehensive warranty services to its end-users and to its product resellers. Under Sanwa's general warranty policy, each instrument is warranted to be free from defects in workmanship or material under normal use for the period of one (1) year from the date of purchase.

This warranty policy is valid within the country of purchase only, and applied only to the product purchased from Sanwa authorized agent or distributor.

Sanwa reserves the right to inspect all warranty claims to determine the extent to which the warranty policy shall apply. This warranty shall not apply to fuses, disposable batteries, or any product or parts, which have been subject to one of the following causes:

- A failure due to improper handling or use that deviates from the instruction manual.
- A failure due to inadequate repair or modification by people other than Sanwa service personnel.
- A failure due to causes not attributable to this product such as fire, flood and other natural disaster.
- Non-operation due to a discharged battery.
- A failure or damage due to transportation, relocation or dropping after the purchase.

7-2 Repair

Customers are asked to provide the following information when requesting services:

- Customer name, address, and contact information
- Description of problem
- Description of product configuration
- Model Number
- Product Serial Number
- Proof of Date-of-Purchase
- Where you purchased the product